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'APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/771,692	01/30/2001	Madoka Mitsuoka	1405.1035 (JDH)	8152	
21171 75	90 02/20/2004		EXAMINER		
STAAS & HALSEY LLP			YOUNG, JOHN L		
SUITE 700 1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTON, DC 20005			3622		
			DATE MAILED: 02/20/200	DATE MAILED: 02/20/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	09/771,692	MITSUOKA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	John L Young	3622				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	66(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 Ja	nuary 2001.					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u></u> is/are allowed.	☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	_					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	1.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) △ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) △ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:</li> <li>1. △ Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau</li> </ul>	have been received. have been received in Applications to the contract of the	on No				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	, , , ,	d.				
Attachment(s)  I) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  B) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	4)	(PTO-413) 7 - 18 - 4				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>3</u> .	6) Other:	, ,				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Serial Number: 09/771,692 (Mitsuoka et al.) 2

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### FIRST ACTION REJECTION

#### **DRAWINGS**

This application has been filed with drawings that are considered informal; however, said drawings are acceptable for examination and publication purposes. The review process for drawings that are included with applications on filing has been modified in view of the new requirement to publish applications at eighteen months after the filing date of applications, or any priority date claimed under 35 U.S.C. §§119, 120, 121, or 365.

## CLAIM REJECTIONS — 35 U.S.C. §101

35 U.S.C. §101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefore, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

2. Claims 1, 3-5, 7-10, 13-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101, because said claims are directed to non-statutory subject matter.

As per claims 1, 3-5, 7-10, 13-16 as drafted said claims are not limited by language within the technological arts (see *In re Waldbaum*, 173 USPQ 430 (CCPA 1972); *In re* 

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Musgrave, 167 USPQ 280 (CCPA 1970) and In re Johnston, 183 USPQ 172 (CCPA 1974) also see MPEP 2106 IV 2(b), to a useful, concrete and tangible application (See State Street v. Signature financial Group, 149 F.3d at 1374-75, 47 USPQ 2d at 1602 (Fed Cir. 1998); AT&T Corp. v. Excel, 50 USPQ 2d 1447, 1452 (Fed. Cir. 1999).

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Note: it is well settled in the law that "[although] a claim should be interpreted in light of the specification disclosure, it is generally considered improper to read limitations contained in the specification into the claims. See *In re Prater*, 415, F.2d 1393, 162 USPQ 541 (CCPA 1969) and *In re Winkhaus*, 527 F.2d 637, 188 USPQ 129 (CCPA 1975), which discuss the premise that one cannot rely on the specification to impart limitations to the claims that are not recited in the claims." (See MPEP 2173.05(q)).

In this case, the claim language is merely non-functional descriptive material disembodied from technological arts.

### CLAIM REJECTION — 35 U.S.C. §103(a)

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. §103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between

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the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Ginter et <u>al.</u>, 5,892,900 (4/6/99) (herein referred to as "Ginter").

As per claim 1, Ginter (col. 271, Il. 35-40; col. 324, Il. 12-45; the ABSTRACT; col. 53, 11. 39-51; col. 224, 11. 14-25; col. 26, 11. 46-67; col. 27, 11. 1-35; col. 5, 11. 4-7; col. 257, Il. 14-19; col. 258, Il. 30-67; col. 259, Il. 1-12; col. 261, Il. 62-67; col. 262, Il. 1-38; col. 6, ll. 43-67; col. 8, ll. 19-67; col. 9, ll. 33-45; col. 12, ll. 45-60 col. 13, ll. 26-50; col. 14, Il. 49-67; col. 15, Il. 1-35; col. 16, Il. 20-45 col. 18, Il. 22-67; col. 20, Il. 3-23; col. 45, 11. 30-49; col. 45, 11. 63-67; col. 46, 11. 1-15; col. 47, 11. 21-55; col. 54, 11. 50-57; FIG. 1; FIG. 72B; FIG. 72C; and FIG. 72D) shows the over broadly claimed advertising method of claim 1.

Ginter lacks an explicit recital of claim 1 even though Ginter reasonably suggests same. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

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invention that Ginter (col. 271, II. 35-40; col. 324, II. 12-45; the ABSTRACT; col. 53, II. 39-51; col. 224, II. 14-25; col. 26, II. 46-67; col. 27, II. 1-35; col. 5, II. 4-7; col. 257, II. 14-19; col. 258, II. 30-67; col. 259, II. 1-12; col. 261, II. 62-67; col. 262, II. 1-38; col. 6, II. 43-67; col. 8, II. 19-67; col. 9, II. 33-45; col. 12, II. 45-60 col. 13, II. 26-50; col. 14, II. 49-67; col. 15, II. 1-35; col. 16, II. 20-45 col. 18, II. 22-67; col. 20, II. 3-23; col. 45, II. 30-49; col. 45, II. 63-67; col. 46, II. 1-15; col. 47, II. 21-55; col. 54, II. 50-57; FIG. 1; FIG. 72B; FIG. 72C; and FIG. 72D) would have been selected in accordance with "An in-contents advertising method, wherein advertisement information provided beforehand is included in contents, based on information contained within contents indicating that advertisements may be inserted within said contents. . . . ." because selection of such features would have provided "fundamentally important capabilities for managing content that travels 'across' the 'information highway.'" (See Ginter (col. 2, II. 20-32).

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As per dependent claims 2-11, Ginter shows the method of claim 1.

<u>Ginter</u> lacks explicit recitation of the elements and limitations of claims 2-11, even though the disclosure of <u>Ginter</u> reasonably suggests same.

Official Notice is taken that both the concepts and the advantages of the elements and limitations of claims 2-11 were notoriously well known and expected in the art at the time of the invention. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include the elements and limitations of claims 2-11, because

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selection of such features would have provided "fundamentally important capabilities for managing content that travels 'across' the 'information highway.'" (See Ginter (col. 2, 1l. 20-32).

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As per claim 12, Ginter (col. 271, ll. 35-40; col. 324, ll. 12-45; the ABSTRACT; col. 53, ll. 39-51; col. 224, ll. 14-25; col. 26, ll. 46-67; col. 27, ll. 1-35; col. 5, ll. 4-7; col. 257, ll. 14-19; col. 258, ll. 30-67; col. 259, ll. 1-12; col. 261, ll. 62-67; col. 262, ll. 1-38; col. 6, ll. 43-67; col. 8, ll. 19-67; col. 9, ll. 33-45; col. 12, ll. 45-60 col. 13, ll. 26-50; col. 14, ll. 49-67; col. 15, ll. 1-35; col. 16, ll. 20-45 col. 18, ll. 22-67; col. 20, ll. 3-23; col. 45, ll. 30-49; col. 45, ll. 63-67; col. 46, ll. 1-15; col. 47, ll. 21-55; col. 54, ll. 50-57; FIG. 1; FIG. 72B; FIG. 72C; and FIG. 72D) shows the elements and limitations of claim 12.

Ginter lacks an explicit recital of claim 12 even though Ginter reasonably suggests same. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that Ginter (col. 271, ll. 35-40; col. 324, ll. 12-45; the ABSTRACT; col. 53, ll. 39-51; col. 224, ll. 14-25; col. 26, ll. 46-67; col. 27, ll. 1-35; col. 5, ll. 4-7; col. 257, ll. 14-19; col. 258, ll. 30-67; col. 259, ll. 1-12; col. 261, ll. 62-67; col. 262, ll. 1-38; col. 6, ll. 43-67; col. 8, ll. 19-67; col. 9, ll. 33-45; col. 12, ll. 45-60 col. 13, ll. 26-50; col. 14, ll. 49-67; col. 15, ll. 1-35; col. 16, ll. 20-45 col. 18, ll. 22-67; col. 20, ll. 3-23; col. 45, ll. 30-49; col. 45, ll. 63-67; col. 46, ll. 1-15; col. 47, ll. 21-55; col. 54, ll. 50-57; FIG. 1; FIG. 72B; FIG. 72C; and FIG. 72D) would have been selected in accordance with the elements and

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limitations of claim 12 because selection of such features would have provided "fundamentally important capabilities for managing content that travels 'across' the 'information highway.'" (See Ginter (col. 2, ll. 20-32).

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As per claim 13, Ginter (col. 271, ll. 35-40; col. 324, ll. 12-45; the ABSTRACT; col. 53, ll. 39-51; col. 224, ll. 14-25; col. 26, ll. 46-67; col. 27, ll. 1-35; col. 5, ll. 4-7; col. 257, ll. 14-19; col. 258, ll. 30-67; col. 259, ll. 1-12; col. 261, ll. 62-67; col. 262, ll. 1-38; col. 6, ll. 43-67; col. 8, ll. 19-67; col. 9, ll. 33-45; col. 12, ll. 45-60 col. 13, ll. 26-50; col. 14, ll. 49-67; col. 15, ll. 1-35; col. 16, ll. 20-45 col. 18, ll. 22-67; col. 20, ll. 3-23; col. 45, ll. 30-49; col. 45, ll. 63-67; col. 46, ll. 1-15; col. 47, ll. 21-55; col. 54, ll. 50-57; FIG. 1; FIG. 72B; FIG. 72C; and FIG. 72D) shows the elements and limitations of claim 13.

Ginter lacks an explicit recital of claim 13 even though Ginter reasonably suggests same. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that Ginter (col. 271, ll. 35-40; col. 324, ll. 12-45; the ABSTRACT; col. 53, ll. 39-51; col. 224, ll. 14-25; col. 26, ll. 46-67; col. 27, ll. 1-35; col. 5, ll. 4-7; col. 257, ll. 14-19; col. 258, ll. 30-67; col. 259, ll. 1-12; col. 261, ll. 62-67; col. 262, ll. 1-38; col. 6, ll. 43-67; col. 8, ll. 19-67; col. 9, ll. 33-45; col. 12, ll. 45-60 col. 13, ll. 26-50; col. 14, ll. 49-67; col. 15, ll. 1-35; col. 16, ll. 20-45 col. 18, ll. 22-67; col. 20, ll. 3-23; col. 45, ll. 30-49; col. 45, ll. 63-67; col. 46, ll. 1-15; col. 47, ll. 21-55; col. 54, ll. 50-57; FIG. 1; FIG. 72B; FIG. 72C; and FIG. 72D) would have been selected in accordance with the elements and

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limitations of claim 13 because selection of such features would have provided "fundamentally important capabilities for managing content that travels 'across' the 'information highway.'" (See Ginter (col. 2, 11. 20-32).

As per claim 14, Ginter (col. 271, ll. 35-40; col. 324, ll. 12-45; the ABSTRACT; col. 53, ll. 39-51; col. 224, ll. 14-25; col. 26, ll. 46-67; col. 27, ll. 1-35; col. 5, ll. 4-7; col. 257, ll. 14-19; col. 258, ll. 30-67; col. 259, ll. 1-12; col. 261, ll. 62-67; col. 262, ll. 1-38; col. 6, ll. 43-67; col. 8, ll. 19-67; col. 9, ll. 33-45; col. 12, ll. 45-60 col. 13, ll. 26-50; col. 14, ll. 49-67; col. 15, ll. 1-35; col. 16, ll. 20-45 col. 18, ll. 22-67; col. 20, ll. 3-23; col. 45, ll. 30-49; col. 45, ll. 63-67; col. 46, ll. 1-15; col. 47, ll. 21-55; col. 54, ll. 50-57; FIG. 1; FIG. 72B; FIG. 72C; and FIG. 72D) shows the elements and limitations of claim 14.

Ginter lacks an explicit recital of claim 14 even though Ginter reasonably suggests same. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that Ginter (col. 271, ll. 35-40; col. 324, ll. 12-45; the ABSTRACT; col. 53, ll. 39-51; col. 224, ll. 14-25; col. 26, ll. 46-67; col. 27, ll. 1-35; col. 5, ll. 4-7; col. 257, ll. 14-19; col. 258, ll. 30-67; col. 259, ll. 1-12; col. 261, ll. 62-67; col. 262, ll. 1-38; col. 6, ll. 43-67; col. 8, ll. 19-67; col. 9, ll. 33-45; col. 12, ll. 45-60 col. 13, ll. 26-50; col. 14, ll. 49-67; col. 15, ll. 1-35; col. 16, ll. 20-45 col. 18, ll. 22-67; col. 20, ll. 3-23; col. 45, ll. 30-49; col. 45, ll. 63-67; col. 46, ll. 1-15; col. 47, ll. 21-55; col. 54, ll. 50-57; FIG. 1; FIG. 72B; FIG. 72C; and FIG. 72D) would have been selected in accordance with the elements and

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limitations of claim 14 because selection of such features would have provided "fundamentally important capabilities for managing content that travels 'across' the 'information highway.'" (See Ginter (col. 2, 1l. 20-32).

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As per claim 15, Ginter (col. 271, II. 35-40; col. 324, II. 12-45; the ABSTRACT; col. 53, II. 39-51; col. 224, II. 14-25; col. 26, II. 46-67; col. 27, II. 1-35; col. 5, II. 4-7; col. 257, II. 14-19; col. 258, II. 30-67; col. 259, II. 1-12; col. 261, II. 62-67; col. 262, II. 1-38; col. 6, II. 43-67; col. 8, II. 19-67; col. 9, II. 33-45; col. 12, II. 45-60 col. 13, II. 26-50; col. 14, II. 49-67; col. 15, II. 1-35; col. 16, II. 20-45 col. 18, II. 22-67; col. 20, II. 3-23; col. 45, II. 30-49; col. 45, II. 63-67; col. 46, II. 1-15; col. 47, II. 21-55; col. 54, II. 50-57; FIG. 1; FIG. 72B; FIG. 72C; and FIG. 72D) shows the elements and limitations of claim 15.

Ginter lacks an explicit recital of claim 15 even though Ginter reasonably suggests same. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that Ginter (col. 271, ll. 35-40; col. 324, ll. 12-45; the ABSTRACT; col. 53, ll. 39-51; col. 224, ll. 14-25; col. 26, ll. 46-67; col. 27, ll. 1-35; col. 5, ll. 4-7; col. 257, ll. 14-19; col. 258, ll. 30-67; col. 259, ll. 1-12; col. 261, ll. 62-67; col. 262, ll. 1-38; col. 6, ll. 43-67; col. 8, ll. 19-67; col. 9, ll. 33-45; col. 12, ll. 45-60 col. 13, ll. 26-50; col. 14, ll. 49-67; col. 15, ll. 1-35; col. 16, ll. 20-45 col. 18, ll. 22-67; col. 20, ll. 3-23; col. 45, ll. 30-49; col. 45, ll. 63-67; col. 46, ll. 1-15; col. 47, ll. 21-55; col. 54, ll. 50-57; FIG. 1; FIG. 72B; FIG. 72C; and FIG. 72D) would have been selected in accordance with the elements and

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limitations of claim 15 because selection of such features would have provided "fundamentally important capabilities for managing content that travels 'across' the 'information highway.'" (See Ginter (col. 2, 11, 20-32).

As per claim 16, Ginter (col. 271, ll. 35-40; col. 324, ll. 12-45; the ABSTRACT; col. 53, ll. 39-51; col. 224, ll. 14-25; col. 26, ll. 46-67; col. 27, ll. 1-35; col. 5, ll. 4-7; col. 257, ll. 14-19; col. 258, ll. 30-67; col. 259, ll. 1-12; col. 261, ll. 62-67; col. 262, ll. 1-38; col. 6, ll. 43-67; col. 8, ll. 19-67; col. 9, ll. 33-45; col. 12, ll. 45-60 col. 13, ll. 26-50; col. 14, ll. 49-67; col. 15, ll. 1-35; col. 16, ll. 20-45 col. 18, ll. 22-67; col. 20, ll. 3-23; col. 45, ll. 30-49; col. 45, ll. 63-67; col. 46, ll. 1-15; col. 47, ll. 21-55; col. 54, ll. 50-57; FIG. 1; FIG. 72B; FIG. 72C; and FIG. 72D) shows the elements and limitations of claim 16.

Ginter lacks an explicit recital of claim 16 even though Ginter reasonably suggests same. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that Ginter (col. 271, ll. 35-40; col. 324, ll. 12-45; the ABSTRACT; col. 53, ll. 39-51; col. 224, ll. 14-25; col. 26, ll. 46-67; col. 27, ll. 1-35; col. 5, ll. 4-7; col. 257, ll. 14-19; col. 258, ll. 30-67; col. 259, ll. 1-12; col. 261, ll. 62-67; col. 262, ll. 1-38; col. 6, ll. 43-67; col. 8, ll. 19-67; col. 9, ll. 33-45; col. 12, ll. 45-60 col. 13, ll. 26-50; col. 14, ll. 49-67; col. 15, ll. 1-35; col. 16, ll. 20-45 col. 18, ll. 22-67; col. 20, ll. 3-23; col. 45, ll. 30-49; col. 45, ll. 63-67; col. 46, ll. 1-15; col. 47, ll. 21-55; col. 54, ll. 50-57; FIG. 1; FIG. 72B; FIG. 72C; and FIG. 72D) would have been selected in accordance with the elements and

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limitations of claim 16 because selection of such features would have provided "fundamentally important capabilities for managing content that travels 'across' the 'information highway.'" (See Ginter (col. 2, 1l. 20-32).

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#### **CONCLUSION**

4. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner for Patents

P. O. Box 1450

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Any response to this action may be sent via facsimile to either:

(703) 746-7239 or (703) 872-9314 (for formal communications EXPEDITED PROCEDURE) or

(703) 746-7239 (for formal communications marked AFTER-FINAL) or

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Hand delivered responses may be brought to:

Seventh floor Receptionist Crystal Park V 2451 Crystal Drive Arlington, Virginia.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John L. Young who may be reached via telephone at (703) 305-3801. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eric Stamber, may be reached at (703) 305-8469.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

onu L. Young

Primary Patent Examiner

February 18, 2004